

Elsenham Parish Council

Self Assessment Tool

How well does your organisation comply with the 12 guiding principles of the Surveillance Camera Code of Practice? Complete this easy to use self assessment tool to find out if you do.

Using this tool

This self assessment tool has been prepared by the Surveillance Camera Commissioner (SCC) to help you and your organisation identify if you're complying with the <u>Surveillance Camera Code of Practice</u> (the Code). It should be completed in conjunction with the Code, and can help to show you how well you comply with each of its 12 guiding principles.

It is possible to be largely compliant with some principles and to fall short against others. As a result you will note that at the end of the questions against each principle there is a space to include an action plan. This is so you can put actions in place over the next year to improve your compliance to that principle. These boxes can also be used to make a note of what evidence you could produce if required to show your compliance to that principle.

The template contains a combination of open and closed questions. For the open questions, there is a limit on how much you can write within the template, so please feel free to include any additional notes as an annex to the document – there are additional blank pages at the end of the tool to help you to do so.

Remember that your organisation may operate more than one surveillance camera system, with a scope that extends across several purposes and many geographical locations. So, before you start clarify the scope of the system(s) you propose to self assess for compliance against the Code.

Is this tool for me?

The self assessment tool is aimed primarily at relevant authorities under <u>Section 33 of the Protection of Freedoms Act 2012</u> who have a statutory duty to have regard to the guidance in the Code. In general terms, this means local authorities and the police in England and Wales.

If you work within any other organisation that operates surveillance camera systems you are free to adopt and follow the principles of the Code on a voluntary basis. If you decide to do so, then using this tool will be of benefit to you.

As a relevant authority under Section 33, if you are considering the deployment of a new surveillance camera system, or considering extending the purposes for which you use an existing system, you may find the more <u>detailed three stage passport to compliance tool a valuable planning tool</u>. It can guide you through the relevant principles within the Code and inform you of the necessary stages when planning, implementing and operating a surveillance camera system to ensure it complies with the Code.

If you are from any other organisation operating a surveillance camera system you may find this template useful in reviewing your use of surveillance, or may want to use other SCC online tools such as the <u>Data Protection Impact Assessment</u> guidance or the <u>Buyers Toolkit</u> to help decide whether your surveillance is necessary, lawful and effective.

What should I do next?

The self assessment is for you to satisfy yourself and the subjects of your surveillance that you meet the 12 principles and to identify any additional work necessary to show compliance. Think about realistic timescales for completion of your action plans, with a view to achieving full compliance with the Code before undertaking your next annual review.

The SCC does not want you to submit your completed self assessment response to him. However, in the interest of transparency he encourages you to publish the completed self assessment tool template on your website.

A completed self assessment is also a positive step towards third party certification against the Code.

Email the SCC at scc@sccommissioner.gov.uk to let us know when you have completed this template as this will enable us to understand the level of uptake. We would also appreciate your comments and feedback on the user experience with this template. Please let us know if you are interested in working towards third party certification against the Code in the near future, or would like to be added to our mailing list.

Name of organisation	Elsenham Parish Council	
Scope of surveillance camera system	Elsenham Playing Field: Assist in the detection of criminal activities by providing evidence in criminal proceedings. Deter crime, improve public safety and enhance the general public's perception of safety. Assist in the prevention and reduction of vandalism and anti-social behaviour	
Senior Responsible Officer	Louise Johnson	
Position within organisation	Clerk to the Parish Council	
Signature	TO BE ADDED	
Date of sign off	TO BE ADDED	



Use of a surveillance camera system must always be for a specified purpose which is in pursuit of a legitimate aim and necessary to meet an identified pressing need.

1. What is the problem you face and have you defined a purpose in trying to solve it? Have you set objectives in a written statement of need?

Periodic acts of criminal activity, vandalism and anti-social behaviour within the area of Elsenham Playing Field. Damage to playing field grassed surfaces, damage to equipment and facilities installed and criminal break-ins to various premises on the Playing Field. Objectives for the CCTV system have been set and are detailed in the CCTV policy and Code of Practice documents published by the Parish Council on its website.

	code of Francisco decamente participation of the Wooding.		
2.	What is the lawful basis for your use of surveillance?		
	CCTV images are recorded for the prevention and detection of crime and for public safety.		
3.	What is your justification for surveillance being necessary and proportionate?		
	To reduce the fear of crime by persons using facilities at Elsenham Playing Field, so they can enter and leave the buildings and facilities without fear of intimidation by individuals or groups;		
	To reduce the vandalism of property and to prevent, deter and detect crime and disorder;		
	To assist the Council, the Police and other Law Enforcement Agencies with identification, detection, apprehension and prosecution of offenders by examining and using retrievable evidence relating to crime, public order or contravention of bye-laws;		
	To deter potential offenders by publicly displaying the existence of CCTV, having cameras clearly sited that are not hidden and signs on display in areas being monitored;		
	To assist all "emergency services" to carry out their lawful duties.		
4.	Is the system being used for any other purpose other than those specified? If so please explain.		
	The Elsenham Playing Field CCTV system is NOT being used for any other purposes than those specified above.		

5. Have you identified any areas where action is required to conform more fully wit requirements of Principle 1?		
	Action Plan	
	None at present.	

The use of a surveillance camera system must take into account its effect on individuals and their privacy, with regular reviews to ensure its use remains justified.				
1.	Has your organisation paid a registration fee to the Information Commissioner's Office and informed them of the appointment of a Data Protection Officer (DPO) who reports to the highest management level within the organisation?	No		
2.	Are you able to document that any use of automatic facial recognition software or any other biometric characteristic recognition systems is necessary and proportionate in meeting your stated purpose?	No		
3.	Have you carried out a data protection impact assessment, and were you and your DPO able to sign off that privacy risks had been mitigated adequately?	No		
	Before May 2018 the requirement was to complete a privacy impact assessment; this has been replaced by a data protection impact assessment. There is a surveillance camera specific template on the Surveillance Camera Commissioner's website: https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/privacy-impact-assessments-for-surveillance-cameras			
4.	Do you update your data protection impact assessment regularly and whenever fundamental changes are made to your system?	No		
5.	How have you documented any decision that a data protection impact assessment is r necessary for your surveillance activities together with the supporting rationale?	not		
	No decisions regarding the non-necessity of data protection impact assessments have been taken in regard to the Elsenham Playing Field CCTV system.	9		
6.	Have you identified any areas where action is required to conform more fully with the requirements of Principle 2? Action Plan	No		
	None at present.			

	There must be as much transparency in the use of a surveillance camera system as possible, including a published contact point for access to information and complaints.			
7.	Has there been proportionate consultation and engagement with the public and partners to assess whether there is a legitimate aim and a pressing need for the system?	Yes	No	
8.	Does your Privacy Notice signage highlight the use of a surveillance camera system and the purpose for which it captures images?	Yes	No	
9.	Does your signage state who operates the system and include a point of contact for further information?	Yes	No	
10	. If your surveillance camera systems use body worn cameras, do you inform those present that images and sound are being recorded whenever such a camera is activated?	Yes	No	
11	.What are your procedures for handling any concerns or complaints?			
	Contact details are displayed on signage in the areas where the CCT and operational. Additionally, contact details are also displayed on the Council website for anyone who wishes to make a complaint about the	ne Elsenhan		
12	. Have you identified any areas where action is required to conform more fully with the requirements of Principle 3?	Yes	No	
	Action Plan			
	None at present.			

There must be clear responsibility and accountability for all surveillance camera system activities including images and information collected, held and used.

13. What governance arrangements are in place?			
The governance of the CCTV system lies with Elsenham Parish Council and its Parish Clerk.			
14. Do your governance arrangements include a senior responsible Senior responsibility S			
15. Have you appointed a single point of contact (SPOC) within your governance arrangements, and what steps have you taken to publicise the role and contact details?			
Guidance on single point of contact:			

19. Have you identified any areas where action is required to conform more fully with the requirements of Principle 4?	Yes	No
Action Plan		
None at present.		

Principle 5 Clear rules, policies and procedures must be in place before a surveillance camera system is used, and these must be communicated to all who need to comply with them.			
20. Do you have clear policies and procedures in place to support the lawful operation of your surveillance camera system? If so, please specify.			
21. Are the rules, policies and procedures part of an induction process Yes No for all staff?			
22. How do you ensure continued competence of system users especially relating to relevant operational, technical, privacy considerations, policies and procedures?			
Only authorised staff and/or authorised members of Elsenham Parish Council (councillors) each of whom have received the necessary training will be permitted to operate the system and have access to the recorded data.			
23. Have you considered occupational standards relevant to the role of the system users, such as National Occupational Standard for CCTV operations or other similar?			
24. If so, how many of your system users have undertaken any occupational standards to date			
None as yet.			
25. Do you and your system users require Security Industry Authority SIA) licences?			
26. If your system users do not need an SIA licence, how do you ensure they have the necessary skills and knowledge to use or manage the surveillance system?			
Appropriate training on the use and management of the system is given to authorised persons. Should it be considered that SIA licences are required in the future, suitable training and licensing will be obtained.			
27. If you deploy body worn cameras, what are your written instructions as to when it is appropriate to activate BWV recording and when not?			
Elsenham Parish Council does not deploy Body Worn Cameras as a part of the Elsenham Playing Field CCTV system.			

28	If you deploy surveillance cameras using drones, have you obtained either Standard Permission or Non-Standard Permission from the Civil Aviation Authority and what is your CAA SUA Operator ID Number?	Yes	No
	Elsenham Parish Council does not deploy any surveillance cameras	using drone	S.
29	Have you identified any areas where action is required to conform more fully with the requirements of Principle 5? Action Plan	Yes	No
	None at present.		

No more images and information should be stored than that which is strictly required for the stated purpose of a surveillance camera system, and such images and information should be deleted once their purposes have been discharged.

30. How long is the period for which you routinely retain images and information, and please explain why this period is proportionate to the purpose for which they were captured?

The Elsenham Playing Field system only retains images for 31 days. If images (footage) are not requested within this timeframe, then the images will be automatically deleted by the system. This period is a substantial time for third-parties or police to request data for an investigation.

	investigation.			
31. What arrangements are in place for the automated deletion of images?				
	The CCTV recording equipment overwrites automatically every 31 days as an in-built function of the recording equipment.			
32.	When it is necessary to retain images for longer than your routine retention period, are those images then subject to regular review?	Yes	No	
33	Are there any time constraints in the event of a law enforcement agency not taking advantage of the opportunity to view the retained images?	Yes	No	
34.	Do you quarantine all relevant information and images relating to a reported incident until such time as the incident is resolved and/or all the information and images have been passed on to the enforcement agencies?	Yes	No	
35	Have you identified any areas where action is required to conform more fully with the requirements of Principle 6? Action Plan	Yes	No	
	None at present.			

Access to retained images and information should be restricted and there must be clearly defined rules on who can gain access and for what purpose such access is granted; the disclosure of images and information should only take place when it is necessary for such a purpose or for law enforcement purposes.

36. How do you decide who has access to the images and information retained by your surveillance camera system?			
Only authorised staff and/or authorised members of Elsenham Parish Council (councillors) have access to images/information retained by the Elsenham Playing Field CCTV system.			
37. Do you have a written policy on the disclosure of information to any third party?			
38. How do your procedures for disclosure of information guard against cyber security risks?			
The CCTV system is isolated from, and not connected to the Internet. This prevents any opportunities for hacking of recorded images/information from the system. Information taken from the system in regard to images/footage are not sent via the Internet, but are downloaded onto a suitable data storage medium, e.g. CD, DVD or USB and password protected.			
39. What are your procedures for Subject Access Requests where a data subject asks for copies of any images in which they appear?			
Data Subject Access Requests (DSAR) are processed by the DPO. The DSAR forms are available on the Parish Council's website, together with the procedures and guidelines.			
40. Do your procedures include publication of information about how to make a Subject Access Request, and include privacy masking capability in the event that any third party is recognisable in the images which are released to your data subject?			
41. What procedures do you have to document decisions about the sharing of information with a third party and what checks do you have in place to ensure that the disclosure policy is followed?			
All decisions on the release of information to third parties are made by the Council's DPO and are consequently documented. The policies and procedures published on the Council's website are followed and a decision is taken based upon whether there is a lawful basis to release information to a third party.			

42. Have you identified any areas where action is required to conform more fully with the requirements of Principle 7?	m Yes	No
Action Plan		
None at present.		

Surveillance camera system operators should consider any approved operational, technical and competency standards relevant to a system and its purpose and work to meet and maintain those standards.

(There are lists of relevant standards on the Surveillance Camera Commissioner's website: https://www.gov.uk/guidance/recommended-standards-for-the-cctv-industry)

43. What approved operational, technical and competency standards re system and its purpose does your system meet?	levant to a su	ırveillance
BS standard for CCTV: BS 62676-1-1		
44. How do you ensure that these standards are met from the moment of system and maintained appropriately?	of commissio	ning your
The Council ensures that the relevant standards are maintained appetries as a contractual requirement with the ongoing annual maintenance.		
45. Have you gained independent third-party certification against the approved standards?	Yes	No
46. Have you identified any areas where action is required to conform more fully with the requirements of Principle 8? Action Plan	Yes	No
Not at this time.		

						-
u	r	ın		n	le	u
		•	U	W		J

Surveillance camera system images and information should be subject to appropriate security measures to safeguard against unauthorised access and use.

- Thousand to daileguard against anathronous accord and acc.
47. What security safeguards exist to ensure the integrity of images and information?
Only persons authorised by the Parish Council will have access to images and information. Images are downloaded directly onto a hard storage medium (CD/DVD/USB) together with date and time-stamp information.
48. If the system is connected across an organisational network or intranet, do sufficient controls and safeguards exist?
49. How do your security systems guard against cyber security threats?
The Playing Field CCTV system is physically isolated from the Internet to provide a high protection from cyber security threats.
50. What documented procedures, instructions and/or guidelines are in place regarding the
storage, use and access of surveillance camera system images and information?
All procedures and guidelines for the CCTV system are detailed in the Council's CCTV policy and Code of Practice documents.
51. In the event of a drone mounted camera being lost from sight, what capability does the pilot have to reformat the memory storage or protect against cyber attack by remote activation?
Elsenham Parish Council does not use drone-mounted cameras as a part of its CCTV system/s.
52. In the event of a body worn camera being lost or stolen, what capability exists to ensure data cannot be viewed or exported by unauthorised persons?
Elsenham Parish Council does not use body worn cameras as a part of its CCTV system/s.

53. In reviewing your responses to Principle 9, have you identified any areas where action is required to conform more fully with the requirements? If so, please list them below.	Yes	No
Action Plan		
None at present.		

					-	•
u	r	m		p	1	n
	ш	ш	G			v

There should be effective review and audit mechanisms to ensure legal requirements, policies and standards are complied with in practice, and regular reports should be published.

How do you review your system to ensure it remains necessary and proportionate in meeting its stated purpose?
A review is carried out annually to ensure that the CCTV system remains proportionate and is being used for its stated purposes. Any cameras and/or equipment that are no longer meeting those purposes will be removed and/or replaced.
i. Have you identified any camera locations or integrated surveillance technologies that do not remain justified in meeting the stated purpose(s)?
S. Have you conducted an evaluation in order to compare alternative interventions to surveillance cameras? (If so please provide brief details)
Before the installation of the Playing Field CCTV system, a number of other interventions were considered and/or carried out; e.g. additional lighting or use of a private security company to secure the access gates to prevent access during night-time. These did prove to be effective, practicable or cost-effective.
'. How do your system maintenance arrangements ensure that it remains effective in meeting its stated purpose?
Regular (monthly) checks of the CCTV system are carried out to ensure that the equipment is functioning properly and annual service and maintenance will also be carried out.
B. Have you identified any areas where action is required to conform more fully with the requirements of Principle 10? Action Plan
None at present.

When the use of a surveillance camera system is in pursuit of a legitimal pressing need for its use, it should then be used in the most effective public safety and law enforcement with the aim of processing images a evidential value.	e way to suppo	ort
59. Are the images and information produced by your system of a suitable quality to meet requirements for use as evidence?	Yes	No
60. During the production of the operational requirement for your system engagement was carried out or guidance followed to ensure export quality requirements for evidential purposes?		
Elsenham Parish Council is committed to ensuring that all exported in order to assist the police, relevant statutory authorities and other criminal and civil investigations.		
61.Do you have safeguards in place to ensure the forensic integrity of the images and information, including a complete audit trail?	Yes	No
62. Is the information in a format that is easily exportable?	Yes	No
63. Does the storage ensure the integrity and quality of the original recording and of the meta-data?	Yes	No
64. Have you identified any areas where action is required to conform more fully with the requirements of Principle 11? Action Plan	Yes	No
None at present.		

Any information used to support a surveillance camera system which compares against a reference database for matching purposes should be accurate and kept up to date.

65. What use do you make of integrated surveillance technology such as automatic number plate recognition or automatic facial recognition software?
Elsenham Parish Council does not use ANPR or Facial Recognition software operating as a part of its CCTV system.
66. How do you decide when and whether a vehicle or individual should be included in a reference database?
Elsenham Parish Council does not hold any information on individuals or vehicles on a reference database.
No contained on your database is accurate and up to date?
68. What policies are in place to determine how long information remains in the reference database?
Elsenham Parish Council does not hold any information on a reference database.
69. Are all staff aware of when surveillance becomes covert surveillance
70. Have you identified any areas where action is required to conform Yes No more fully with the requirements of Principle 12?
Action Plan
None at present.